

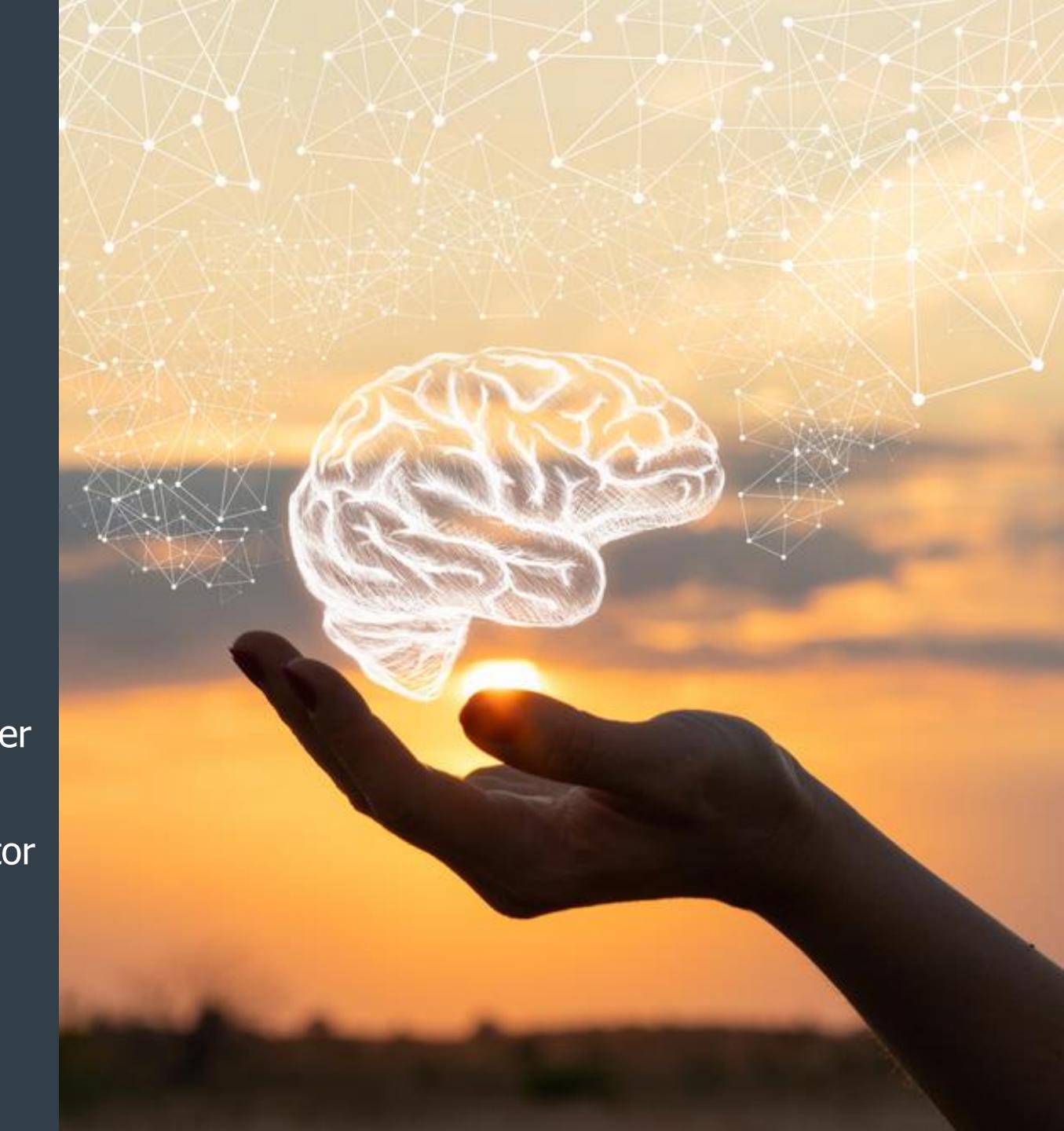
Australian Government

IP Australia

Getting to know IP Rights – NSW Small Business Month

Presenter : Gabrielle Savva, Trade mark examiner IP Australia Presenter : Matthew Heffernan, Assistant Director of Public Education, IP Australia

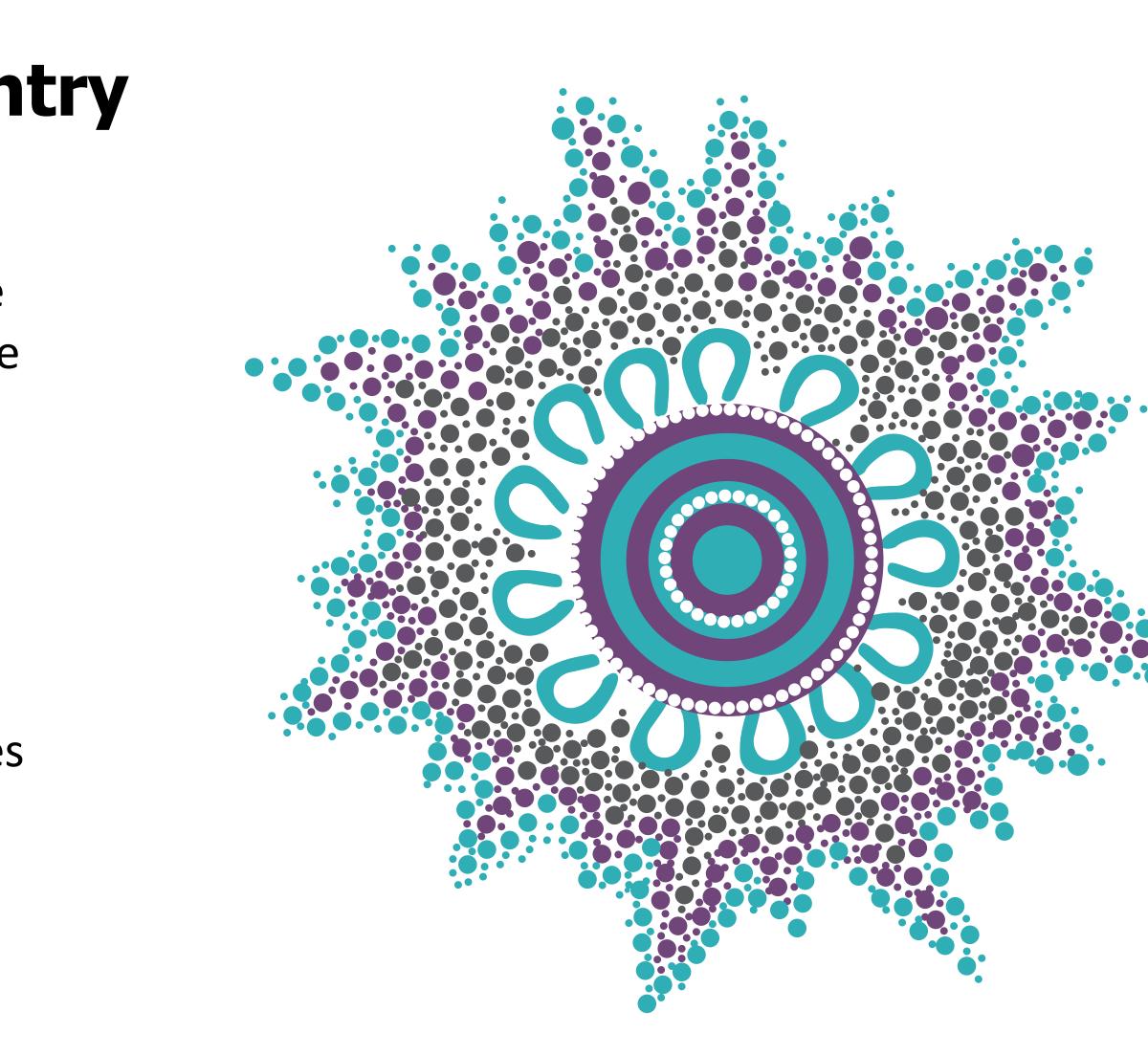
4 October 2023



Acknowledgement of Country

IP Australia acknowledges Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples of Australia. We acknowledge the Traditional Custodians of the lands on which our agency is located and where we conduct our business.

We pay our respects to ancestors and Elders, past, present and emerging. IP Australia acknowledges Australian Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples' unique cultural and spiritual relationships to the land, waters and seas and their rich contribution to society.







P TM D PBR

Questions?

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The role of IP Australia

The Australian government agency that administers intellectual property (IP) rights and legislation relating to patents, trade marks, design rights and plant breeder's rights.

IP Australia contributes to the innovation system more broadly by using our skills and experience to advise government and Australian businesses to make the most of their IP. Vision - a world leading IP system that builds prosperity for Australia.



What's intellectual property (IP)?

- Anytime you create something new and original, you are creating IP
- Australia's IP laws provide a legal framework to protect your creative ideas through IP rights.





The IP system

Registered IP

Plant Breeder's Rights

Protects the commercial rights of new plant varieties

Patents

Protects the functions or features of a device, substance, method or process that is new, inventive and useful

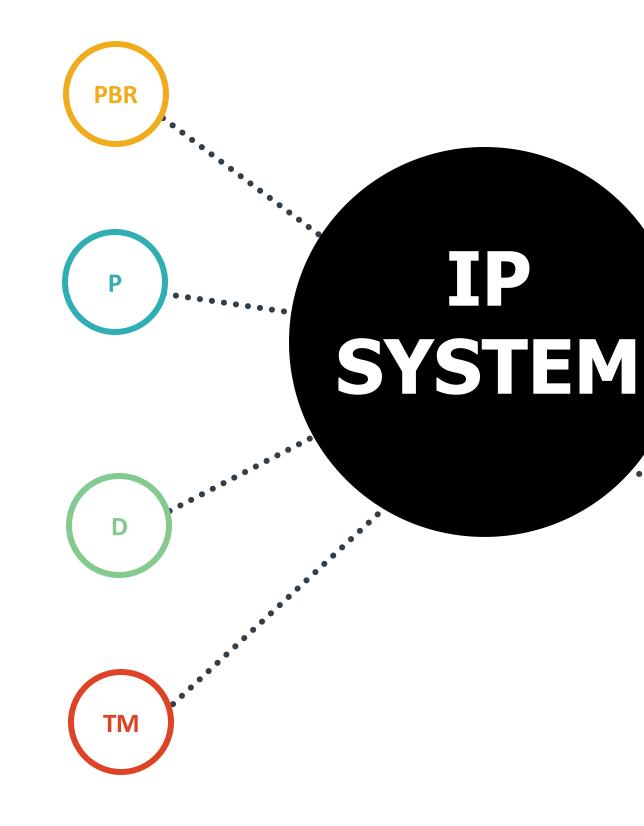
Designs

Protects the overall visual appearance of new and distinctive products

Trade Marks

Protects signs that distinguish goods or services of one trader from those of another





IP



Copyright

Protects the owner's original expression of an idea when put in material form

Trade Secrets

TS

CL

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Protects confidential information, including secret formulas, processes and methods

Circuit Layouts Protects the layout of integrated circuits, such as computer chips

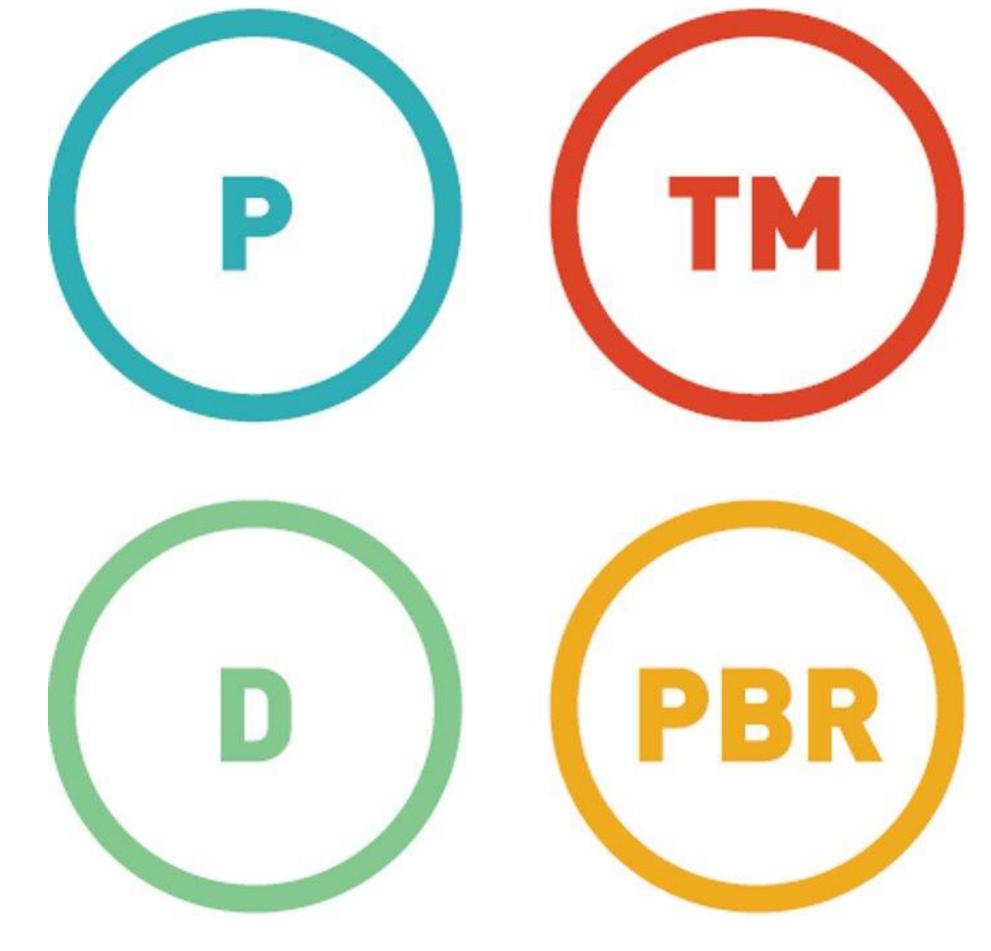
Why register IP rights?

- gives you the exclusive right to determine who can use your IP and how it can be used
- gives you the opportunity to sell, license, promote or develop your product while limiting competition for set periods
- reduces the chance of your idea being replicated and passed off as those of competitor
- can be sold for financial benefit



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Attracting start-up resources

Both patents and trade marks influence investors' estimates of a startup's value.

- Doubling patent stock boosts start-up valuation by 20% (Hsu & Ziedonis, 2013)
- Applying for a trade mark linked to a 22% increase in start-up valuation (Block et al., 2014)

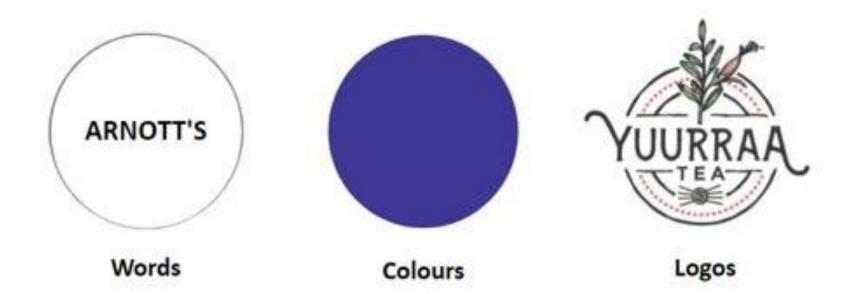
Effects are strongest in early development stage and financing rounds.





IP in everyday life

Examples of trade marks



Examples design rights



Chair



Mixer



Barbeque



Examples of patents



Google maps



Cochlear implant



Wi-Fi

Examples of plant varieties



Sir Walter lawn turf



Pink Iceberg roses



Scarlet Royal red grapes





A trade mark is not just a brand name or a logo, it's an identity. It helps customers differentiate your products or services from those of your competitors.

It can be a letter, number, word, phrase, colour, sound, smell, shape, logo, picture, movement, aspect of packaging, or a combination of these.



This protection gives you the exclusive right to determine how your trade mark can be used and who can use it.

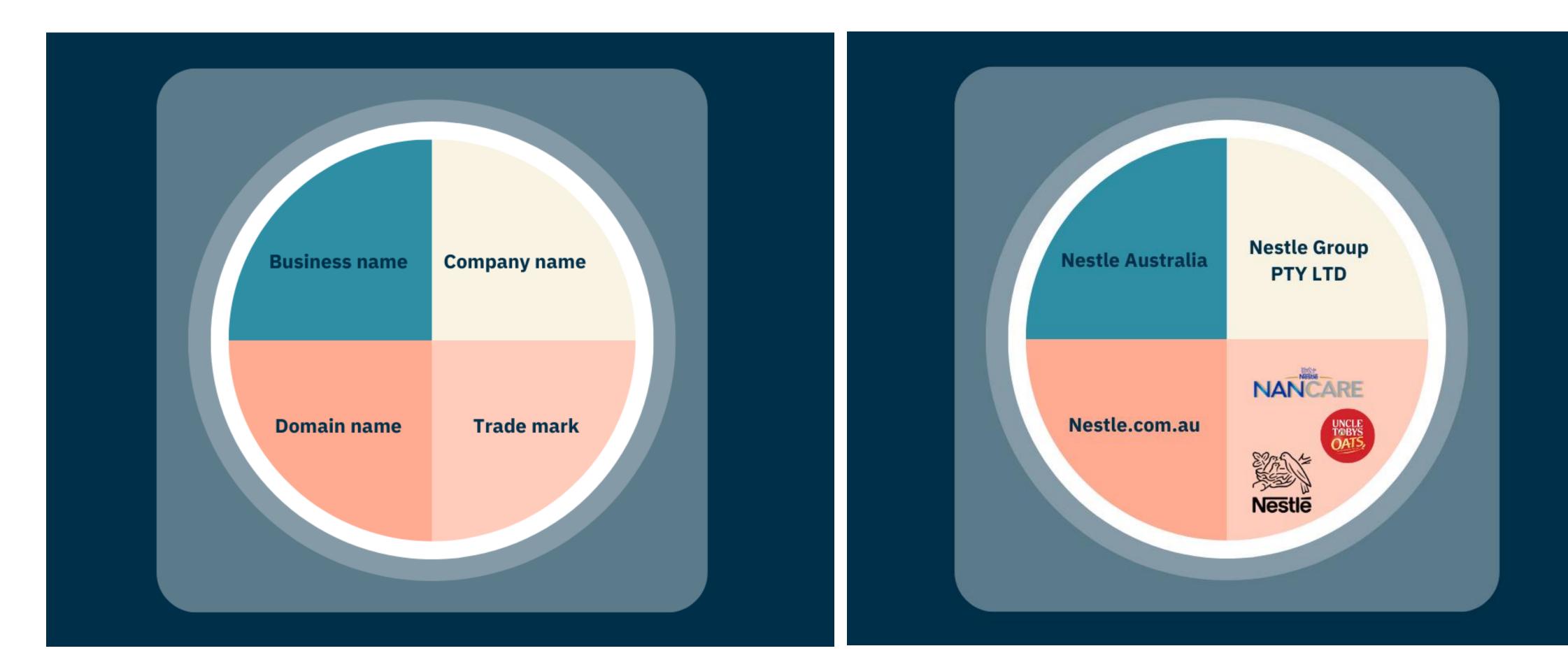


Protection initially lasts for 10 years. This can be renewed indefinitely.





Common misconception: A business name is not a trade mark





Commercial risks of not getting a trade mark



REBRANDING

- Average small business rebrand: \$130,000 240,000 ¹
- **48%** had to rebrand due to inability to secure TM ²

LEGAL FEES

- Trade mark litigation in Australia: **\$100,000+**
- **3 of 4** trade mark infringements led to litigation ³

OPPORTUNITY COST

- Limits ability for expansion or investment
- 13% more likely to achieve high turnover growth with TMs ⁴
- 1. In a US survey of small businesses with <\$30m revenue
- 2. In an IP survey of SMEs with 91 Australian respondents
- 3. In a survey of global brands
- 4. When compared to non-filing SMEs in Australia



Australian Government

IP Australia

Protect your brand with a registered trade mark



AN INITIAL CHECK ONLY TAKES A FEW MINUTES

(тм)



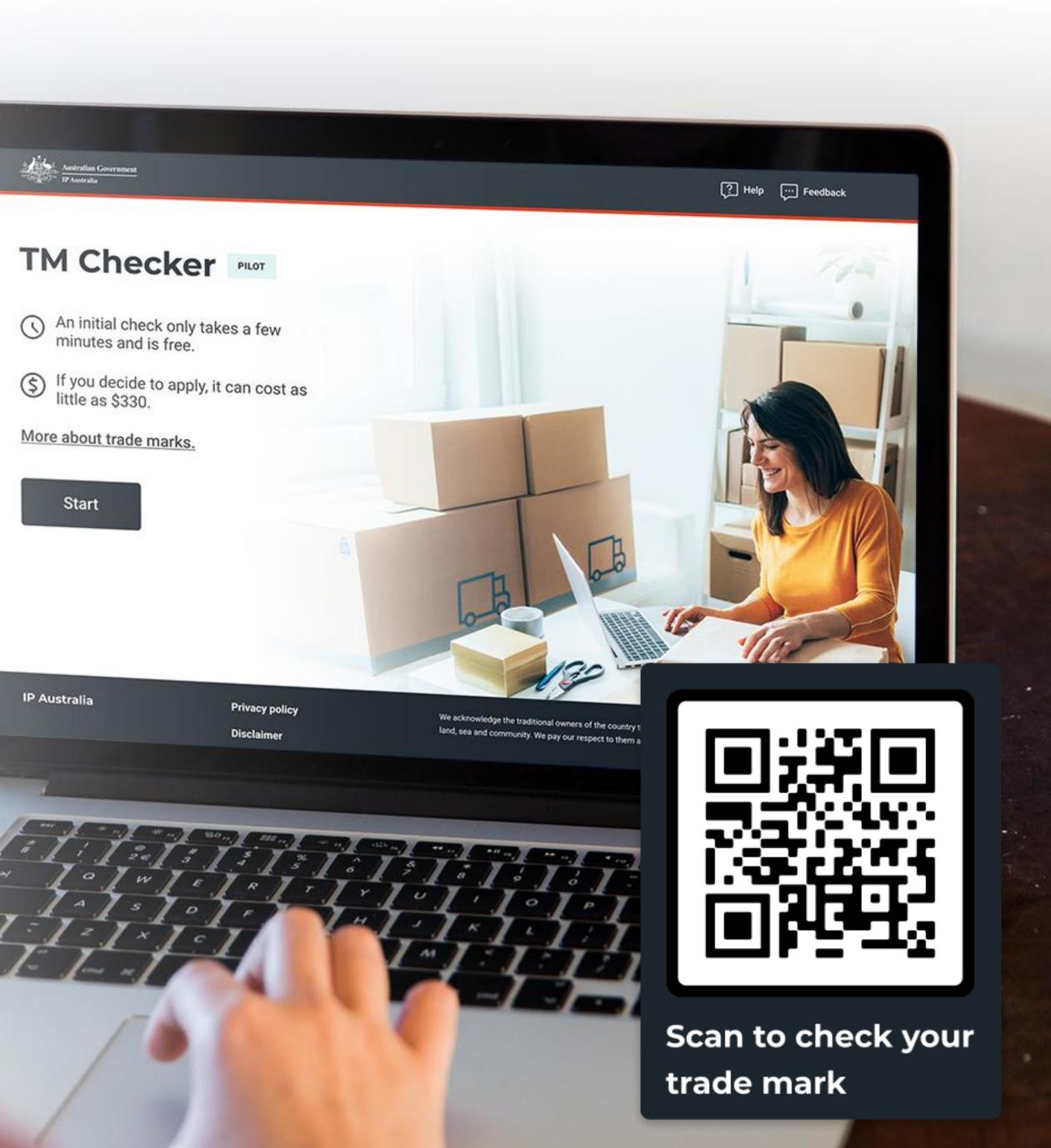
LITTLE AS \$330



A TRADE MARK PROTECTS YOUR BRAND FOR 10 YEARS

...the trade mark checking experience was extraordinarily straight forward and easy to use compared to the past. It made it a very efficient and easy decision to continue with the application!

Deborah Daly, Impetus for Change











A patent may be granted only for a new, inventive and tangible invention



This protection gives you the exclusive right to determine how your patent can be used and who can use it



Protection lasts for 20 years, and up to 25 years for pharmaceuticals



Examples of patents



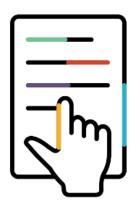
Google maps



Cochlear implant



Patent options



Provisional application

- Gives you a 'priority date' for your invention
- Think of it as a placeholder. Gives you
 12 months to decide if you wish to file a complete application
- Does not give you patent protection.





'Complete' application for a standard patent

- Long-term protection and control over an invention
- Is necessary for patent protection
- Gives you the right to take legal action against others using your invention in Australia without your permission.





Design rights protect the unique visual appearance of products that have a physical form.



This could be a combination of visual features, including the shape, colour, configuration and pattern.



Protection can last for a maximum of 10 years.



Examples design rights



Chair



Mixer



Plant breeder's rights (PBR)



Plant breeder's rights are exclusive commercial rights for a registered variety of plant.



Plant breeder's rights protects plant breeders and gives them a commercial monopoly for a period of time.



Protection can last for a maximum of 20 years for most plant species and 25 years for some vines and trees.







Sir Walter lawn turf



Examples of plant varieties

Pink Iceberg roses



Scarlet Royal red grapes



Copyright protects the owner's original expression of ideas when put in material form such as artworks, music, films, books, maps, computer programs, presentations and poetry.

Copyright is not a registrable right; protection is free and automatic under the Copyright Act 1968. Protection lasts for the life of the author, plus 70 years.

For more information visit the Australian Copyright Council's website https://www.copyright.org.au/resources

If you have an artwork and reproduce it commercially (50+) on items e.g. clothing or merchandise, copyright protection no longer applies, and you should consider protection using a design right.



The IP system in practice

Registered IP



Plant Breeder's Rights Protect the variety of the coffee plant



Patents

Protect how the coffee pod works



Designs

Protect the appearance of the coffee cup

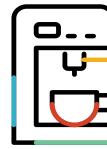


Trade Marks

Protect the logo that helps identify this brand







Unregistered IP

Copyright

Protects promotional materials like an advertising campaign



Trade Secrets

Protect the secret blend of different coffee beans



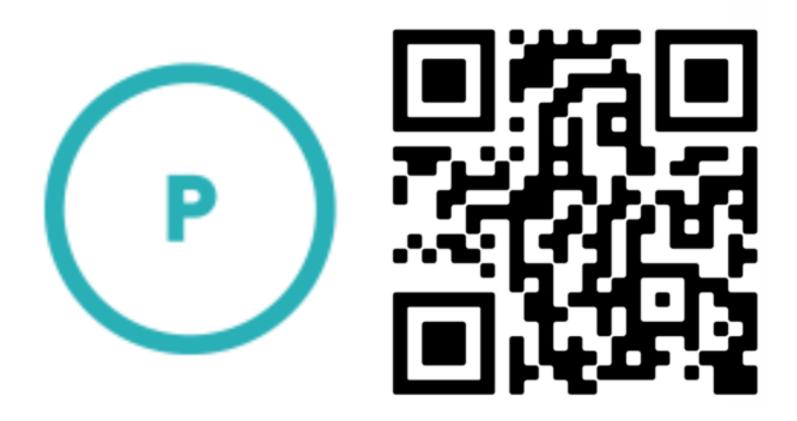
Circuit Layouts

Protect the layout of an integrated circuit in the coffee machine





How do I know my idea is available? Search!



http://pericles.ipaustralia.gov.au/ols/auspat/



https://search.ipaustralia.gov.au/designs



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https://search.ipaustralia.gov.au/trademarks



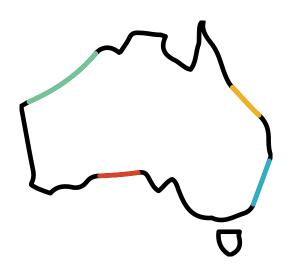
http://pericles.ipaustralia.gov.au/pbr_db/

Applying for your registered IP right



You need to apply and meet legal requirements





An Australian trade mark, patent, design and plant breeder's right does not give you protection outside of Australia



Fees are payable at different stages



IP rights have protection periods

If you find your IP is being copied or used by someone else without your permission, it is up to you to take action against them.

Global considerations

- Develop your global strategy
- Is there a similar product already in that market?
- Can you register your IP in that market?
- Is your product suited to that market?
- Where would you generate the best returns?
- Language and cultural sensitivities?
- Access to resources?
- IP protection overseas
- Financial modelling
- Engage with an IP professional \bullet
- Beware of risks \bullet



Tips for applying for IP rights overseas

- Search existing IP overseas
- Apply directly or use your Australian application as a basis for an overseas application
- Seek professional advice
- The Madrid System for trade mark applications
- The Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT) for patent applications.

Examples of IP rights protected overseas



Trade mark Nike swoosh logo



Gardasil vaccine







Bravo apple (ANABP 01



Madrid System and Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT)

Benefits of the Madrid System:

- Apply for protection in multiple countries at once
- Save time and costs by avoiding preparing and filing multiple applications directly to each target country
- Have your application examined according to the trade mark legislation and laws in the designated country or region
- File without needing to find an agent in each country first
- Make a single request for changes of details, or to renew international registrations
- Add other member countries at a later date
- Communicate with WIPO in English.



Benefits of applying under the PCT:

- Receive a quick indication of whether your invention can be patented
- Have your application examined according to a set of standards accepted by all signatory countries
- Streamline the process of meeting diverse formality requirements
- Save time and costs associated with preparing and filing multiple applications directly to each target country.

Tips for IP management

- Consider IP early
- Identify who owns the IP
- Learn how different IP rights can work together to protect your work
- When you register your IP, it will be published online
- Design rights and patents need to be a secret until you apply
- Understand the relationship between copyright and design rights

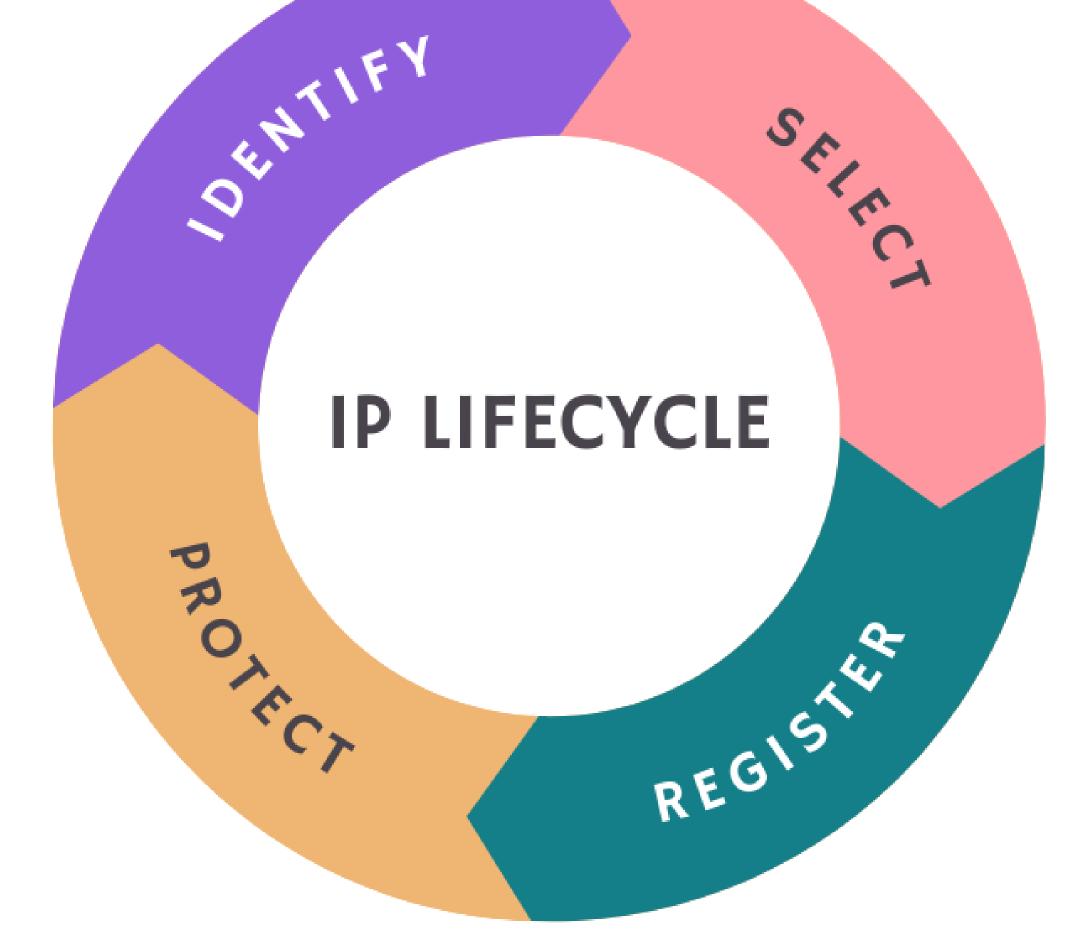


- If your product has a short lifespan, there are alternative strategies that do not include registering IP
- Have a strategy in place to identify what steps you will take if you find someone using your IP without permission
- A registered Australian IP right does not give you protection outside of Australia
- Don't be afraid to get help.

IP strategy and commercialisation

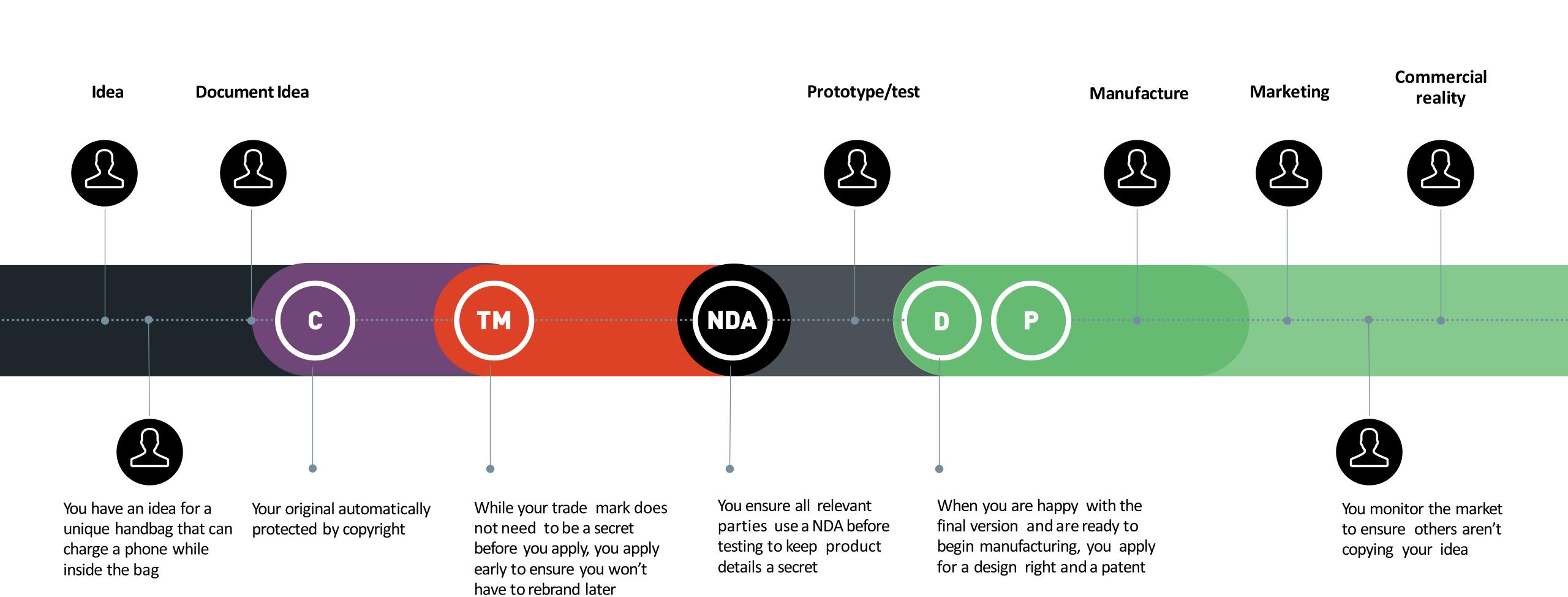
- Identify your IP (background and co-created)
- Register and protect your IP (file) \bullet
- **Enable innovation** lacksquare
- Commercialise IP financial benefit





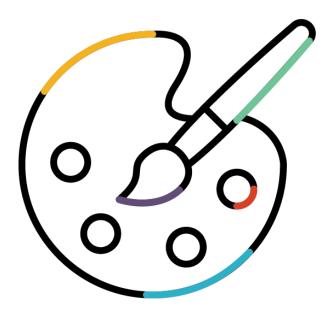
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Commercialisation – typical roadmap

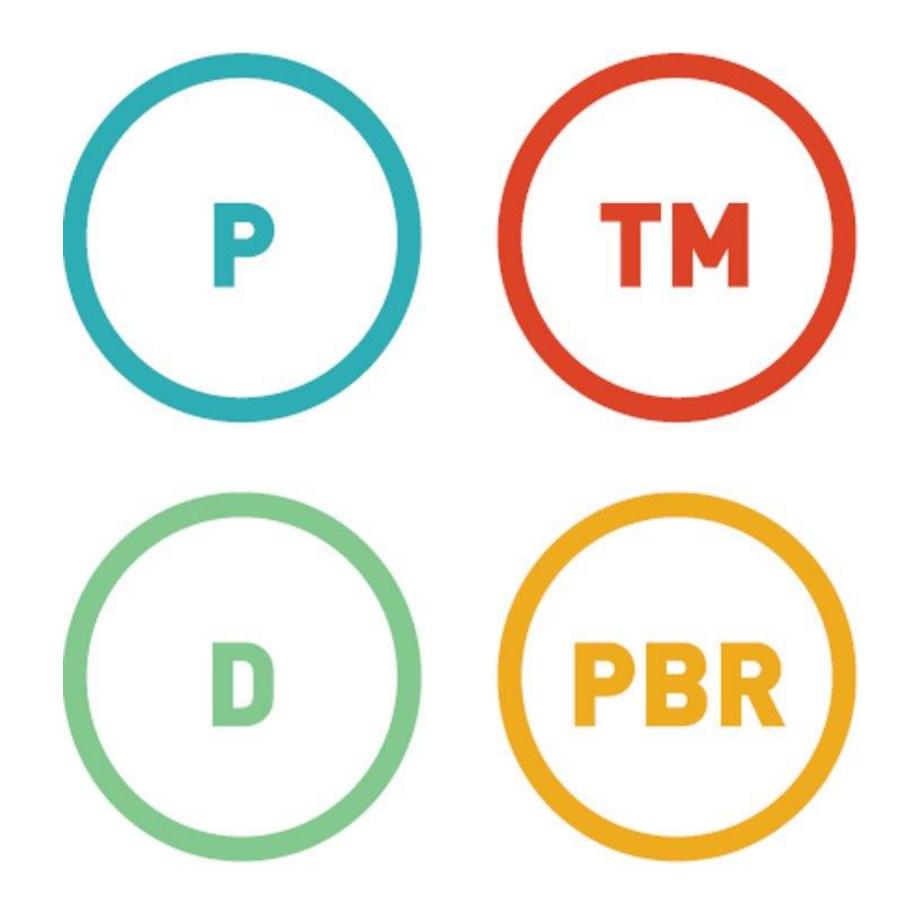


Why is it so important to correctly identify the creator of IP?

The creator of the IP owns the IP...







Ways to benefit from IP

- Manufacture and sell or manufacture for others to sell
- **Assign** the IP is transferred to someone else, usually in exchange for a nominated sum (sale).
- **Franchise** the IP is still owned but forms part of a business • expansion model, used by a third party under agreed conditions to use as/in their own business e.g. Boost.
- **License** the IP is still owned but one or multiple parties may be licensed to commercialise the IP (exclusive or non-exclusive) e.g. Intel.
- Can benefit from competitors adopting and further **developing your technology** – e.g. Tesla, IBM







P TM D PBR

Questions?

Scan this QR code or visit **slido.com** with the hashtag: **#FairfieldHQ**

Support and tools



Scan this code to visit our **tools and resources** page to find everything in the one place **Follow us on social media and subscribe to our newsletter** to stay up to date with the latest IP Australia news.



TM Headstart

A trade mark service that gives you a quick indication of whether your trade mark is unique, or whether you might encounter any problems, all before you file your application.



Trade mark basics course - Upskill

A free, self-based training for small business owners and individual applicants that teaches all the basics you need to know before submitting a trade mark application.



Patent Case Manager

This is a service for patent applicants from small and medium enterprises (SMEs) and connects you with a dedicated IP Australia subject matter expert who is your single point of contact to assist in your patent application process.







Education and resources

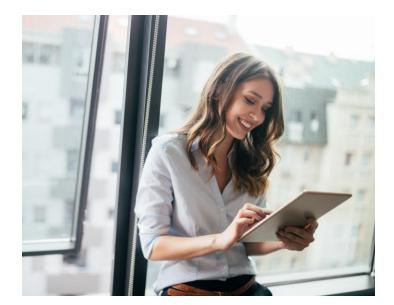


IP stories





Short videos answering FAQs



Choosing the right IP





Commercialisation and collaboration

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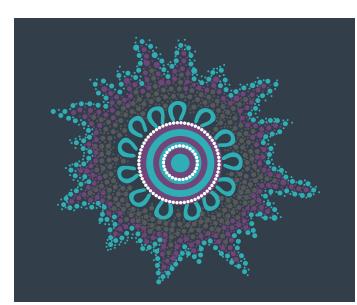




On-demand webinars









Indigenous knowledge and IP short videos





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